

"REFORM"

Administration Plays Lone Hand in
Trying to Change Our
Time.

Negroes Serve Notice That They Are
Marching on the Promised
Shawnee Land.

Ungrateful Crooks Expose Keystone
Police to Laughing and
Jeering Public.

AND ALL HAVE AUTOMOBILES.

Amid the storm of popular disapproval near Mayor Smith and the "reform" administration passed the supposed daylight saving measure this week, heartily supported by Davy Rose and the machine Herald. No sane or logical reasons were given for support of the bill, the public reading in the daily papers every now and then that Davy Rose was fathering the bill, while all of the railroads, the Postoffice and big manufacturing concerns were bitterly opposed to it. The Postoffice can not comply with the measure and give proper service, as the arrival of trains would be too late for the carrier's second delivery every day. Carriers would go out on that run with empty bags while on the third they would be loaded to the guards and unable to make complete deliveries. The railroads of course will pay no attention to the bill of Smith and his "reform" colleagues, and many business concerns, churches, amusement places and private residences will keep on with the same standard of time as the railroads. Thanks to Davy Rose, Smith and the General Council, Louisville will now have crazy quilt time and there will be endless confusion because of this nonsensical legislation. Correct time evidently means nothing to the City Hall crowd though, as the City Hall clock on the west side has been just one hour and thirty-five minutes later than the faces of the clock pointing in the other three directions.

Just as was predicted in these columns, Judge Huston Quin will be dragged off the Court of Appeals bench to serve as the Hertz-Searcy-Chilton machine nominee for Mayor, and the Republican speakers and campaign boosters have been instructed as to the vice combine. They have been told by the Republican machine bosses to go forth and tell the public that they know the "reform" administration under the near Mayor has made many mistakes; that Dr. Welch's charges were true as to the vice combine; that the Kentucky police haven't been much force; that the "hick" fire department has broken all records for fire losses (over half a million this four months); that the City Hospital charged patients \$1.50 per day while the public pays for a free hospital; that streets were in the worst condition since the war; the Civil, not the European war; that gas rates, street car fares, phone rates and tax rates are higher; but Judge Quin is a good, good man and won't let the public forget all of the above and vote for him for Mayor. Of course Judge Quin dreads having to get on the stump and defend near-Mayor Smith's administration, and right off the reel he will have to either defend or denounce it entirely. His greatest dread is of public opinion demanding that he resign from the Court of Appeals bench if he desires to run for Mayor of Louisville. But he owes allegiance to the Hertz-Searcy-Chilton machine and must decide. What an unhappy lot is Judge Quin's!

Another worry of the Hertz-Searcy-Chilton machine is the negro Republican voters that comprise 60 per cent. of the Republican vote in Louisville. If the machine has its way it would run the negroes out of town every day but two—registration and election day—as they are considerable embarrassment at other times. Now for instance, Tobe Hertz and the Chesley Club boys would like to have lots of special concessions for the white Republican women, but they are afraid if they do some of the aspiring negro school teachers and society leaders from Darktown will intrude themselves on the affair and break up the party. The machine leaders see that only a few white Republican women can be gathered together, most of them being wives of officials and others are on the pay-roll of the Republican headquarters, and they all look with jealous eyes on the big gathering of Democratic women and the enthusiasm displayed by young girls who are making much of the dances, socials, picnics and excursions of the Democratic clubs. Tobe, Ches and Matt stand around Republican headquarters moaning the lack of women interested in, and mattering about those troublesome "dog-gone niggers."

Now for the negroes' point of view, and the Kentucky Irish American presents the official attitude of the negro Republicans in Louisville today as reflected by the Louisville News, a negro newspaper edited and owned by William Warley, who fought the Hertz-Searcy-Chilton machine until he was appointed License Inspector, the first time in the history of Louisville this job was ever held by any other than a white man. Encouraged by "Howdy Ed" Morrow and the local Republican administration, negro gambling dives and

dens of vice cluster the town while thousands of negroes loaf during the daytime and burglarize and assault citizens at night, and are free from arrest even on the charge of vagrancy. The other class of negroes who are bent on moving into white sections, sleeping in the same Pullmans, eating in the same restaurants, going to the same theaters and amusement places as the whites, are now determined to have their inning, and the Louisville News officially records their views. The residents of the West End are served notice that the negroes accept their debt and Shawnee Park and all of its surroundings will become the gathering place and residence of the aspiring negro men and women.

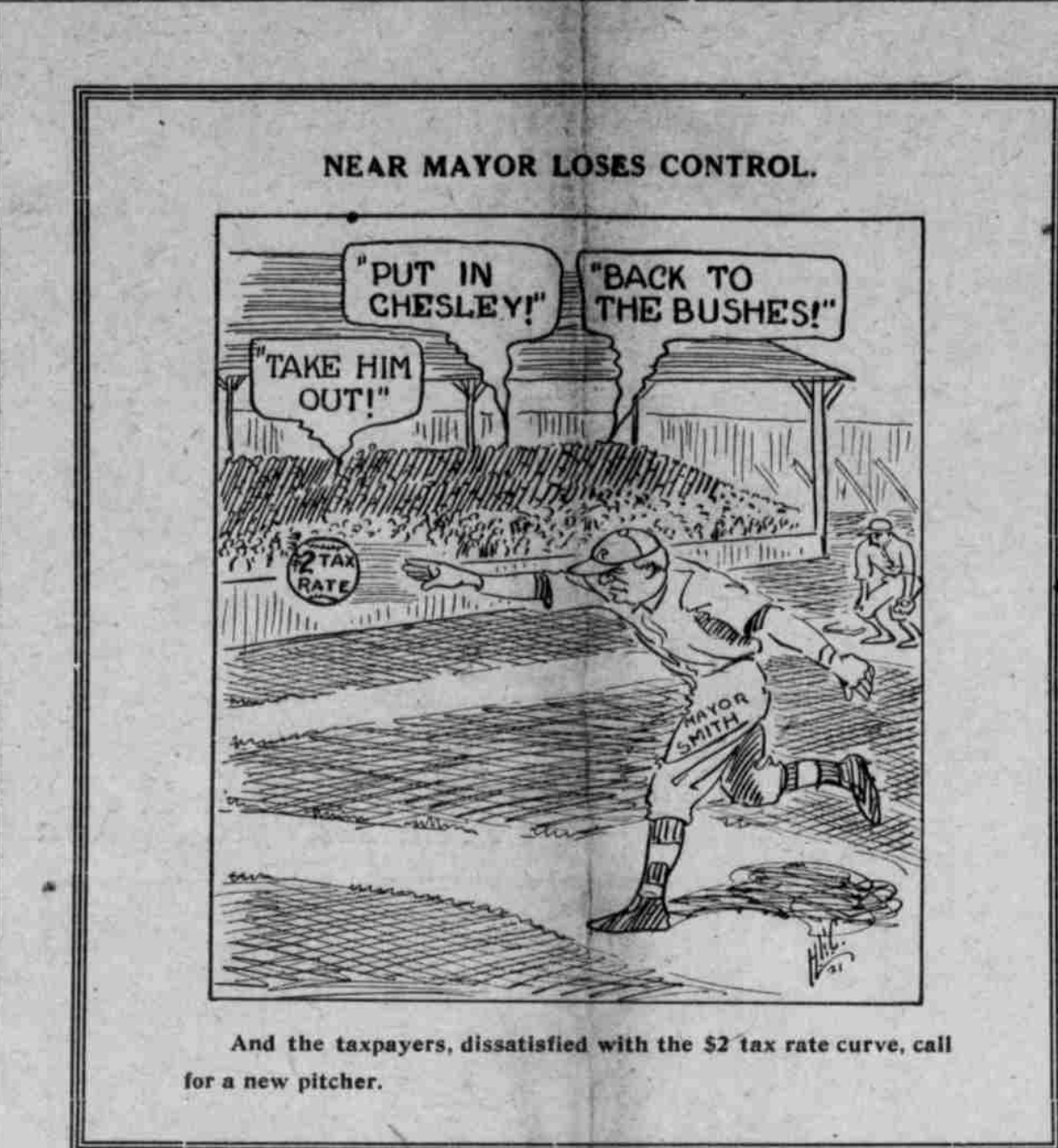
The Shawnee Welfare Club, of which J. C. Morris is President, issued a circular two weeks ago calling for a gathering of the white residents to adopt means to protect their neighborhoods from an influx of negroes, and President Morris called attention to the fact that negroes were forcing the whites on West Chestnut street block by block, going from Twenty-first to Twenty-fifth in a few years. President Morris further added that one could readily see that in a short time the western part of our city, especially our own "Shawnee Land" will be ruined for us for homes. The Louisville News, the negro newspaper, referring to the Shawnee Welfare Club, says "Cascades they work while we sleep," and if proper comment was made on President Morris' letter the News wouldn't go through the mails. The News knows and the class of negroes it represents know that the Hertz-Searcy-Chilton machine leaders have promised Shawnee Park as a negro park exclusively. If the negroes unite and help elect a Republican Mayor again. And the negroes have accepted the challenge of the white people who are fighting for their homes in the following deft, as we quote from the News: "They have set the limit at Twenty-eighth street for the 'niggers.' That's alright, they set a limit at Twenty-first street five years ago. Sherman marched through Georgia and raised the devil. Niggers will march through Shawnee Land yet." Thus we have the official programme of the negro Republicans and something for the white citizens of the West End to ponder over.

One can think of no baser act or gratulation than that displayed by the large congregation of crooks and burglars who make a good if not honest living in our midst, and it entirely disapproves the old adage that there is honor among thieves. Well, there isn't, at least not among the little army of Louisville thieves. First we have the case of Dr. W. S. Lockhart, a reputable Baptist minister, who with his colleagues at the Men's Federation and the Louisville Ministerial Association worked hard for the success of near Mayor Smith and his "reform" boys. What happened? Ungrateful crooks who profit because of our Keystone police force the safe in Dr. Lockhart's office, carrying away money, valuables and \$250 in Liberty bonds. His office was in the Inter-Southern building, just two blocks away from Central Police Station and the City Hall. Then ingrates robbed Ben Brumleve, of the Board of Works, three straight times in two weeks, using pickaxes to break in his feed store. Then they robbed Mr. Crutcher twice, stealing his automobile the second time, not leaving a clue. Mr. Crutcher is also a member of the Board of Works and in his activities had all the chairs hauled free to the Republican State convention from the State Fair grounds. Of course the chairs belonged to the taxpayers of the State but "reform" doesn't worry over trifles. Last week Frank Robinson, a leading Republican and campaign contributor, was beaten and robbed for the third time. He is a member of the Board of Works and furthermore we hear of many burglaries right in the Keystone police's homes, many of them having lost their motorcar and conductor badges and street car punches by the raids of the ungrateful crooks.

On top of this the burglar ingrates seem disposed to show how easy it is to fool the poor old Keystone police. On account of burglaries extra Keystoneers had been placed in the neighborhood of Kensington Court, and yet the home of Louis M. Levy was cleaned out to the tune of \$400 or more. And right near the home of Mrs. Josephine Pargy was robbed of valuable worth \$100. And both of these were being guarded by our comedy cops. Captain James Cunningham, quoted in the Courier-Journal as saying that "the burglars must have automobiles." Why bless your heart, Jim, they can't help from having automobiles, as enough cars have been stolen around Louisville the past few years to give every crook in this city a car or two for business or pleasure, or both, and crooks find it both pleasant and profitable to work underneath the noses of our Keystone police. But it must be galling to the ex-motorcar and conductor to think that after how kind they have been to the burglars they are daily being exposed to a critical and jeering public. "Shapper than a serpent's tooth is the sting of ingratitude."

PLEASED WITH MISSION.

Rev. Father Ackermann, the pastor, and Rev. Fathers Clark and Finnerty, the able and eloquent Dominican preachers, were greatly pleased with the results of the two weeks' mission given at St. Philip Neri church. Sunday morning it appeared as if every man in the parish was present to approach the sacrament, and in the evening the church was thronged when the Papal blessing was given. Father Ackermann spoke in high praise of the missionaries and the spirit they had awakened, while they in turn expressed appreciation of the earnestness exhibited by the congregation.



And the taxpayers, dissatisfied with the \$2 tax rate curve, call for a new pitcher.

RELIEF FUND GROWS.

The progress of the campaign throughout the country continues to exceed all expectations of the American Committee for Relief in Ireland. Many States have already gone "over the top" and are subscribing more than double their quota, and it is gratifying to learn that Louisville and Kentucky are in this list. Additional subscriptions received by Chairman Owen Sullivan and Rev. John O'Connor include the following:

St. Louis Bertrand church, \$904.63; Our Lady, \$240; Sacred Heart, \$18; St. James, \$9; St. Mary Magdalene, \$6, all of this city.

Churches outside the city reported are Hardinsburg, \$152; St. Alphonsus, Davis county, \$193.75; St. Raphael, Davis county, \$18; Nolin, Grayson county, \$8; Bardonia, additional, \$5.

Individual subscriptions were St. Vincent de Paul Society of St. Peter's, \$100; Holy Rosary Academy, entertainment, \$100; St. Vincent de Paul Society of St. George's, \$50; Miss Frances E. Wall, Springfield, \$40; J. T. Dugan, \$5; W. P. Kirby, \$5; M. J. Striegel, \$3; Cash per Very Rev. J. P. Cronin, \$3; St. Dominick, \$1; Mrs. Stranice, \$1.

Endorsement of the committee's campaign came from Chief Justice Brantley, of Montana; Congressman Leatherwood, United States Senator Harold and others, while to Major Knox-Loot, Treasurer of a sister organization in Montreal, Canada, came the following letter from Sir Arthur Currie, President of McGill University:

"One's heart goes out to all those who suffer from want, and particularly to those whose unfortunate condition arises from circumstances beyond their control. It is unfortunately true that many in Ireland today find themselves so placed, and their condition calls for our practical sympathy and help. I hope that your movement may be the means of furnishing some measure of assistance."

VATICAN'S SAMPATHY.

"If any English politician bases his hope for crushing the Irish nation on help from the Vatican, he is doomed to disappointment," declared Archbishop Mannix of Australia, who returned to London from Rome on Monday. "Ireland will not lack the sympathy which the Pope extended to Poland and Belgium. The Vatican's traditional policy, being one of neutrality, it will not seek to advance dominion home rule against the declared will of the Irish people. The coming elections will again show the country's demand for complete independence. The way to peace is by the immediate withdrawal of the invading army and the acknowledgment of the right of self-determination, and negotiations on a basis of equality." Archbishop Mannix, who will leave for Australia about the middle of May, characterized as "clumsy English propaganda" the New York report quoting Cardinal Dougherty as saying that Archbishop Mannix, while at Rome, advocated a compromise settlement of the Irish question. He declares that he is satisfied that the Cardinal did not make the statement attributed to him.

FORTY HOURS.

With impressive ceremony the Forty Hours' Adoration will begin with high mass tomorrow morning at St. Francis of Rome church, Clifton. Rev. Father Riley, the pastor, will direct the services, which will conclude on Tuesday. Sermons will be preached by pastors from city churches, and a large attendance may be looked for.

ERIN'S CAUSE

Able Pledged at Monster American
Gathering This Week at
Chicago.

Ireland is Entitled to Recognition
by President of the United
States.

Resolutions Urge That President
Harding Negotiate Treaty
With Ireland.

AMERICAN SUPPORT PLEDGED.

When the first annual convention of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic convened in Medinah Temple in Chicago on Monday nearly 5,000 accredited delegates, representing all parts of the United States, were present. The convention was opened with an invocation by Monsignor F. J. O'Donnell, of St. Mel's church, and an address of welcome by Mayor William Hale Thompson, and was in an enthusiastic mood from the start.

Justice John W. Coff, of New York, the patriarch of the assembly, was elected Permanent Chairman. Mayor Thompson was received with cheering when he said:

"In these days when there has been so much discussion about our debt to other nations the people of which aided us to establish our own independence, I hope that the American people will not forget the aid we had from the people of Ireland when that people stubbornly resisted British conscription for military service against America and when those who were drafted against their will joined the American army as quickly as they could to help us fight for our freedom. In every way in which they could do so, the Irish people showed their sympathy and a spirit of helpfulness in our great days of need."

Further addresses were made by Congressman James A. O'Connor, of Louisiana; Donald O'Callaghan, Mayor of Cork; John J. Fitzpatrick, of Chicago; Miss Anna Walsh, sister-in-law of Thomas MacCurran, first Lord Mayor of Cork under the Irish Republic; Miss MacSwiney, the Rev. Peter C. Yorke, of San Francisco; Mrs. Mary McWhorter, National President of the Women's Auxiliary, A. O. H.; Congressman William E. Mason, of Illinois, and others.

The keynote speech of the convention was delivered by Harry J. Boland, secretary to Edmond De Valera, and was received with applause by the immense gathering, and was in part as follows:

"Across the wide Atlantic comes a call from the land whence ye sprang, summoning you—bone of her bone and flesh of her flesh—appealing in clear and noble tones to her scattered children to rally to her in this desperate hour of trial. Fully conscious that your allegiance must be to the great land of America we approach you in the name of Ireland to seek your support for your motherland, pleading with you to band yourselves together to use your united strength that liberty may not perish, and that the centuries' struggle waged by Ireland may be consummated in the recognition of the Republic of Ireland by

the Government of the United States. We seek your support as the question of the recognition of the Republic of Ireland is an American question. It is an American question, one for America to decide, a question vital to the foreign relations of this country. Shall your Government conduct the business and policies affecting Ireland and America with the elected representatives of Irish people, duly accredited by an Irish Parliament, or shall you continue to reserve the representatives of the black and tans as the custodians of law and order in Ireland?"

He said there was only one government today in Ireland, a republic, and read a message from President DeValera, saying, "The terror will break long before there will be any weakening of our people." The speaker declared that England had robbed Ireland in the year ending March, 1920, of \$200,000,000. "Now," he said in conclusion, "that the foreign policy of your country for the next four years is about to be laid down, let me say that Ireland will welcome an association of nations. Ireland is prepared to enter such an association."

The convention voted to send thanks to all Senators and Congressmen who have supported Ireland's cause. An announcement that Congressman A. J. Sabath, of Illinois, had introduced a resolution in the House providing for asylum in America for the stowaway Lord Mayor of Cork, was loudly cheered.

A storm of applause greeted Father P. C. Yorke, of San Francisco, who was particularly eloquent.

"They have pictured Ireland," he said, "as an old woman, who sits by the Atlantic withered, old, covered with black and rusty weeds. She mumbles to herself as she looks out upon the deserted strands and tells how in the old days kings came to court her and how great soldiers loved her, and she sighs when she hears the turning of the tide. But as the waves come rushing in, and as the white horses beat up against the land, she sees in every one of them the figure of a young man—aye, some of them are old—from across the seas, but most of them the flower of her own youth, who have come to her on their white horses to cast off the old seaweed from her neck and make the shamrock blossom in Ireland."

The convention resolved Tuesday with adoption of resolutions in favor of Erin's fight for independence, which read:

"That the Irish Republic is, and of right is entitled to be, a free sovereign nation. That it is entitled to recognition by the President of the United States as a sovereign state, and said association hereby respectfully urged the President to confer upon such nation and the Government thereof the recognition of the Government of the United States of America in accordance with the practice and forms heretofore established by the Government of the United States in granting recognition to other states, peoples, governments, and nations.

"And the President is also hereby respectfully urged to notify the President of the Irish Republic to appoint duly accredited commissioners or ambassadors to negotiate with the President of the United States such treaty or treaties as may be now in existence between the Government of the United States and the Governments of the most favored nations."

Copies of the resolution were dispatched to President Harding and to members of Congress. A message was sent to Senator Lodge, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, asking his support of the movement for recognition.

Another resolution urged the asso-

ciation's members to buy only American made goods.

The following message was addressed to President Edmond De Valera:

"The first national convention of the American Association for the Recognition of the Irish Republic assembled in Chicago, representing 15,512 delegates, sends greetings to the President of the Irish Republic and the President of the Irish Republic and tender to the Irish people through you our warmest congratulations upon the marvelous defense of the republic of Ireland created by the sovereign will of her people and directly in consonance with the soundness of American principles. We pledge to you the moral and financial assistance of every liberty loving American to the end that the republic of Ireland may be recognized by the nations of the world."

Election of officers for the coming year completed the business of the convention. They are President, E. L. Doherty, Los Angeles, and the following Vice Presidents: Justice John W. Goff, New York; Joseph Scott, Los Angeles; J. E. Murray, Butte; E. J. Dunne, Mason City; E. Mary McWhorter, Chicago; J. Louis Moran, Pittsburgh; J. J. Hearn, of Westfield, Mass., was re-elected Treasurer.

HONOR ANOTHER BARRY.

His many Louisville friends and former newspaper associates were much gratified when news came from Washington that Robert Barry, formerly of this city but now representative of the Philadelphia Public Ledger in Washington, had received the highest number of votes in the biennial election by the corps of Washington correspondents of a standing committee to serve during the life of the Sixty-seventh Congress. The standing committee is composed of five members who are authorized to govern the admission of correspondents to the press galleries of Congress, such authority being derived from the Speaker of the House and the Rules Committee of the Senate. Other members of the new committee will be Charles E. Albert, New York; Roy C. Roberts, Kansas City Star; Gus J. Karger, Cincinnati Times-Star; and Arthur Sears Henning, of the Chicago Tribune, that being the order in which they stood when the ballots were counted. Only Karger and the committee elected from the old committee.

ANOTHER HOLY NAME SOCIETY.

Monday night a large gathering of men assembled at Windthorst Hall and organized another promising branch of the Holy Name Society. R. E. Vaughan, who presided as Chairman, outlined the objects of the society and the spiritual benefits to be derived from membership. R. D. Thornbury acted as Secretary and read a list of nearly 200 names for the charter list. The spirit instilled by Rev. Father Ackermann, the pastor, and the Dominican missionaries, Fathers Clark and Finnerty, was manifest upon all sides when the following officers were elected: President, Dr. D. E. Abraham; Vice President, R. E. Vaughan; Secretary, R. D. Thornbury; Treasurer, Henry Pfeister; Marshal, John Monahan. Messrs. M. A. McGee, John J. Ryan and G. E. Creagh were appointed a committee to draft by-laws. After extending an invitation to Fathers Clark and Finnerty to be present at the next meeting adjournment was made to Monday night, when those who were not present will be enrolled.

PLAN MAGNIFICENT HOME.

Specifications for a \$600,500 home for Louisville Council, Knights of Columbus, are in the hands of Architect J. J. Gaffney, according to an announcement by Secretary S. R. Hardman. The building committee obtained a ninety day option on property located on the northwest corner of Third street and Broadway, which has been submitted to the council for approval, and will likely be purchased from Frank G. Breslin, the owner. More than \$250,000 has already been subscribed, and it is expected that \$30,000 additional will be realized from the sale of the old home at 816 South Fourth street.

FEAST OF ST. PAUL.

The fathers at the Sacred Heart Retreat, Newburg road, will celebrate the feast day of the founder of the Passionist Order with special services on Thursday, April 28. The mass will be sung at 9 o'clock with a panegyric on the saint preached by Rev. Father Xavier, C. P. In the afternoon at 3 o'clock there will be solemn benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. After the morning and afternoon services there will be blessing with the relic and distribution of St. Paul's water. The ladies of the Altar Society will serve refreshments in St. Agnes school building.

FROM ROME.

The Associated Press cables from Rome that no new American Cardinal will be created at the June Consistory. This was confirmed at the Vatican on Sunday. South American diplomats are using their best efforts to have the Holy See represent of their countries in the Sacred College. According to reports, the Most Rev. John Joseph Glennon, Archbishop of St. Louis, is the prelate most likely to succeed the late Cardinal Gibbons.

RECOVERED.

The many friends of Leo J. Wagner, who was for ten days under treatment for blood poisoning at St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital, will be greatly relieved to learn that he has fully recovered and was able the first of the week to return to his home, 933 South Sixth street.

CONVERT

Begging For Irish Sponsor Significant Incident of St. Louis Retreat.

Served in Army Against Irish and Had Fought at Vinegar Hill.

A Striking Example For the Men and Nations of Our Day.

TWO SIGNIFICANT ELEMENTS.

The United States Catholic Magazine and Monthly Review, published at Baltimore, in its issue for April, 1921, gleaned from the Catholic News Letter, a weekly of those days, an item which has a particular significance at present. According to the report printed in the magazine named a retreat had been conducted by the Rev. Father Larkin, S. J., in St. Louis, lasting two weeks. At the end of the first week, says the Catholic News Letter, five converts were baptized, in the church of St. Francis Xavier, all of them being adults. Among the number of those receiving baptism, thus runs the story in the News Letter, "was a venerable old man, a native of England, whose conduct exhibits one of the most beautiful exemplifications of genuine Catholicity we have ever known. He was more than seventy years of age, had been for many years a member of the national church, and had served in the army against the Irish, in what is called the rebellion of '98. He had fought at Vinegar Hill, where his hands were deeply stained with the blood of his fellow men. He now came forward to be baptized, the story continues, he begged that some Irishman stand sponsor for him, observing that, 'as he had fought against the Irish people, and against their religion, being now, by the mercy of God, converted to the faith in which they had always persevered, he wished to offer the only atonement, besides repentance, it was in his power to do, by a public testimony of his love for a nation whom early history had taught him to hate. He now realized the value of a universal faith, and universal love. He could not be a Catholic without loving his neighbor as himself.'"

What a wonderful example of a sincere conversion, and what a striking example for men and nations in our day. There are two significant elements in this incident—the convert realized that there had been a strong religious prejudice involved in his erstwhile antagonism and open hostility to the Irish, and that it was necessary to overcome and renounce it; and further, having eliminated this prejudice, the man was prepared to tear out of his heart whatever of national and racial hatred had existed and might of direct trade relations not help wishing and praying that the spirit evidenced by this man of English birth might become universal today. For there can be no lasting peace unless there be a real reconciliation. And as the Holy Father has pointed out, there can be no real reconciliation of men and nations and races unless there be a change of heart, a change from the present attitude to one of true Christian charity.

C. B. of C. V.

TRADING WITH IRELAND.

The external trade of Ireland was in 1919 valued for \$1,675,000,000, the highest figure yet recorded. It will, therefore, be seen that there is great scope for the development of direct trade relations with foreign countries, particularly the United States. The people, especially the Catholics, are most anxious to conduct business on a larger scale with America. The announcement that another new service in direct trading between Ireland and the United States, the North American S. S. Company, have arranged to run steamers between Irish ports and Boston, has given immense satisfaction. The first trip to the port of Cork will take place about the middle of March. The Hollandia Steamship Company is now making Dublin a port of regular call and steamers from Amsterdam and Rotterdam are expected to arrive every ten or twelve days when cargo for the return voyage will be accepted. A freight service has already been established between Ireland, and France, and in connection with this the practical suggestion has been made, in view of the national pilgrimage to Lourdes this year, that a passenger steamer should be made available for the members of the pilgrimage. Lourdes is only a three-hour railway journey from Bordeaux.

VINCENNIANS.

Last Sunday afternoon a gathering of members of the St. Vincent de Paul Society that filled Knights of Columbus Hall heard Rev. Francis Martin, of St. Patrick's church, deliver an address that held the closest attention and received high commendation. Secretary Bohan read the conference reports, showing that each was doing good work among the sick and poor and had dispensed much relief. President John Doyle occupied the chair and was happy in his address before the enrollment of new members.